A bill to be entitled

An act relating to high school graduation; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; requiring that students be advised of the availability of certain courses for purposes of high school graduation; providing credit requirements for high school graduation with a standard diploma beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year and students entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year; deleting provisions relating to general requirements for high school graduation to conform to changes made by the act; creating s. 1003.4282, F.S.; providing for accommodations for students with disabilities for purposes of high school graduation; creating s. 1003.4286, F.S.; creating the Graduation Exit Option Program under which a high school student shall be awarded an alternative diploma; providing requirements for participation in the program and receipt of a diploma; providing Department of Education duties and requiring State Board of Education rules; creating s. 1003.4287, F.S.; authorizing the award of a standard high school diploma to certain honorably discharged veterans; amending s. 1003.429, F.S.; requiring that students be advised of the availability of certain courses for purposes of an accelerated high school graduation option; amending s. 1003.43, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to general requirements for high school graduation to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; requiring passing scores on the

Page 1 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

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grade 10 FCAT to meet grade-level proficiency; conforming cross-references; amending s. 1009.531, F.S.; conforming provisions; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsections (5) through (11) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--

- (1) Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to s.

  1003.429, beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2007-2008 school year, graduation requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of the Advanced Placement, International

  Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, and dual enrollment courses available, as well as the availability of course offerings through the Florida Virtual School. Students must also be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
- (2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
  - (a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

Page 2 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

- 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
- Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level mathematics course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, one of the four credits must be Algebra I or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year, one of the four credits must be Algebra I or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be geometry or a series of courses equivalent to geometry as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be Algebra II or a series of courses equivalent to Algebra II as approved by the State Board of Education. School districts are encouraged to set specific goals to increase enrollments in, and successful completion of, geometry and Algebra II.
- 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be a physical science or a series of courses equivalent to a physical science as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be a higher-level science course. At least two of

Page 3 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

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with students entering grade 9 in the 2012-2013 school year, one of the three credits must be Biology I or a series of courses equivalent to Biology I as approved by the State Board of Education, one credit must be chemistry or a series of courses equivalent to chemistry as approved by the State Board of Education, and one credit must be a higher-level science course. At least two of the science courses must have a laboratory component.

- 4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one credit in American history; one credit in world history; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in American government.
- 5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or a practical arts course that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
- 6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for two full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in

marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half credit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan.

- (5) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the commissioner for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
- (6) The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (5) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
- (5) (7) (a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) shall be awarded a

standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.

- (b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
- (8) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.
- (b) A student with a disability, as defined in s.

  1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan (IEP)

  committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the

  student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable

  accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of paragraph

  (4)(b) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high

  school diploma, if the student:
- 1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3).

Page 6 of 23

2. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph (4)(b) after one opportunity in 10th grade and one opportunity in 11th grade.

high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between September 16, 1940, and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1950 and 1954, but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between June 27, 1950, and January 31, 1955, and served during the Korean Conflict prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

 $\underline{(6)}$  (11) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008.32.

Section 2. Section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4282 Accommodations for students with disabilities; graduation requirements.--For purposes of high school graduation:

- (1) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the Commissioner of Education for the provision of test accommodations as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
- (2) The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (1) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
- (3) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.
- (b) A student with a disability, as defined in s.

  1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan committee

  determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of s.

  1003.428(4)(b) or s. 1003.43(5)(a) waived for the purpose of receiving a high school diploma, if the student:

221	1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other
222	requirements prescribed in s. 1003.428(1)-(3) or s. 1003.43(1)
223	and (4).

- 2. Does not meet the FCAT requirements of s.

  1003.428(4)(b) or s. 1003.43(5)(a) after one opportunity in grade 10 and one opportunity in grade 11.
- Section 3. Section 1003.4286, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 1003.4286 Graduation Exit Option Program; alternative diploma.--
  - (1) There is created the Graduation Exit Option Program under which a high school student shall be awarded an alternative diploma. To be eligible to participate in the program, a high school student must:
    - (a) Be at least 16 years old.
  - (b) Be enrolled in high school courses that meet high school graduation requirements.
    - (c) Be at risk of failing to graduate.
  - (d) Meet criteria developed by the Department of Education to ensure that the program is not used as a means for early graduation and to target students who have the ability to pass the grade 10 FCAT and the general educational development (GED) test.
  - (2) To receive an alternative diploma under the Graduation Exit Option Program, a high school student must:
  - (a) Meet minimum reading levels and earn minimum scores on GED practice tests, as established by the department.

Page 9 of 23

	(b)	Ear	n p	assi	.ng	SCC	ores	on	the	re	eadin	g	and	mat	he	emat	ics	
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- (c) Pass each of the five sections of the GED test.
- (d) Earn at least 14 credits toward high school graduation, at least 8 of which are earned in English, reading, mathematics, science, or social studies.
- (3) An alternative diploma awarded under this section may not be used for calculating graduation rates for any purpose.
- (4) The department shall design the alternative diploma to distinguish the diploma from a standard diploma.
- (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules

  pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section.

  Section 4. Section 1003.4287, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4287 Recognition of veterans; high school diploma. --

- (1) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between September 16, 1940, and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.
- (2) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started

Page 10 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1949 and 1955 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between June 1949 and January 1955 and served during the Korean War prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options. --

- (1) Students who enter grade 9 in the 2006-2007 school year and thereafter may select, upon receipt of each consent required by this section, one of the following three high school graduation options:
- (b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18 credits required for completion of this program must be received in classes that are offered pursuant to the International Baccalaureate Program, the Advanced Placement Program, dual enrollment, or the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program, or specifically listed or identified by the Department of Education as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3). Students must be advised of the Advanced Placement,

  International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, and dual enrollment courses available, as well as the availability of course offerings through the Florida Virtual School. The 18 credits required for completion of this program

Page 11 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

- 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
- 2. Three credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission;
- 3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;
- 4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
- 5. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of or can otherwise demonstrate competency in a language other than English. If the student demonstrates competency in another language, the student may replace the language requirement with two credits in other academic courses; and
  - 6. Three credits in electives; or

Any student who selected an accelerated graduation program before July 1, 2004, may continue that program, and all statutory program requirements that were applicable when the student made the program choice shall remain applicable to the student as long as the student continues that program.

Section 6. Subsections (8) through (13) of section 1003.43, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

Page 12 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

- (8) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the commissioner for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
- (9) The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (8) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
- (8) (10) (a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (4), and (5) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. A district school board may attach the Florida gold seal career endorsement to a standard diploma or, instead of the standard diploma, award differentiated diplomas to those exceeding the prescribed minimums.
- (b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (5)(a), paragraph (5)(b), or paragraph (5)(c), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-

Page 13 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.

(11) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.

(b) A student with a disability, as defined in s.

1007.02(2), for whom the individual educational plan (IEP)

committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of paragraph

(5)(a) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high school diploma, if the student:

1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4).

2. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph (5) (a) after one opportunity in 10th grade and one opportunity in 11th grade.

(12) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between September 16, 1940, and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the

State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1949 and 1955, but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between June 1949 and January 1955, and served during the Korean War prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.263 Community colleges; admissions of students.--Each community college board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:

(4) A student who has been awarded a special diploma as defined in s. 1003.438 or a certificate of completion as defined in s.  $1003.43\underline{(8)}$  (10) is eligible to enroll in certificate career education programs.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about, and place students into, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or other instructional programs that provide students with alternatives to traditional collegepreparatory instruction, including private provider instruction.

Page 15 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

A student is prohibited from enrolling in additional collegelevel courses until the student scores above the cut-score on all sections of the common placement test.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--

- design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades

Page 16 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

3 through 10. Comprehensive assessments of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. End-of-course assessments for a subject may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under this paragraph. An end-of-course assessment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by comprehensive and end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course or industry-approved examinations to earn national industry certifications as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous endof-course assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The testing program must be designed as follows:

1. The tests shall measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in

Page 17 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

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paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.

- 2. The testing program shall be composed of criterion-referenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
- 3. Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the commissioner shall discontinue administration of the selected-response test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive assessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence construction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of speech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subject-verb agreement, and noun-pronoun agreement.

- 4. A score shall be designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- Except as provided in s. 1003.4282 <del>1003.428(8)(b) or s.</del> 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (10) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Such passing scores must at a minimum meet grade-level proficiency. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall apply only to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.
- 6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive

Page 19 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

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classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT may have the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 1003.4282 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).

- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must

Page 20 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

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inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and mathematics. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is part of the district instructional programs.

- 9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
- 10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards.
- 11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
- 12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:

- a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations; however, test results must be made available no later than the final day of the regular school year for students.
- b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, a comprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.
- c. A statewide standardized end-of-course assessment is administered within the last 2 weeks of the course.

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of

Page 22 of 23

PCS for HB 1293.pdf

students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.

Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1009.531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for initial awards.--

- (1) Effective January 1, 2008, in order to be eligible for an initial award from any of the three types of scholarships under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, a student must:
- (b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent as described in  $\underline{s.\ 1003.428}$ ,  $\underline{s.\ 1003.429}$ ,  $\underline{s.\ 1003.435}$  unless:
- 1. The student completes a home education program according to s. 1002.41; or
- 2. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-Florida school while living with a parent or guardian who is on military or public service assignment away from Florida.
- Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

Page 23 of 23

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